



Sustainable tourism - standards and benefits for communities and protection of natural areas

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Topics for today

- Global sustainable tourism criteria for destinations and businesses
- Overview of sustainability certification programs in tourism
- National and regional sustainable tourism development programs
- Example: Bukovel's path towards sustainability

* Sustainability vs environmental standards

* International vs European standards



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Global sustainable tourism criteria



Global Sustainable Tourism Council

The role of the Global Sustainable Tourism Council

- **Sets global sustainability standards** Develops and maintains international criteria for destinations, businesses, and tour operators to follow.
- Accredits certification programs Approves and recognizes credible sustainability certification programs that meet its standards.
- **Provides training & education** Offers courses, workshops, and webinars to help tourism professionals understand and implement sustainability practices.
- **Supports governments & destinations** Helps countries, regions, and cities integrate sustainability into tourism policies and planning.
- **Promotes sustainable tourism worldwide** Connects stakeholders and encourages responsible tourism that protects nature, respects culture, and benefits local communities.





Global sustainable tourism criteria by GSTC

For different organisations

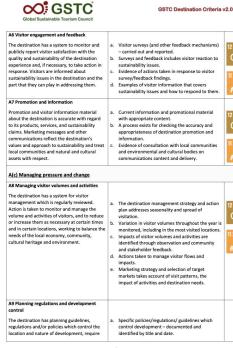
- Tourism destinations
- Hotels
- Tour operators
- Attractions
- MICE
- Food services

Areas covered

- Sustainability management
- Socio-economic aspects
- Cultural aspects
- Environmental aspects



Global sustainable tourism criteria by GSTC



Global Sustainable Tourism Council	GSTC Criteria & Indicato Industry – Hote
GSTC INDUSTRY CRITERIA SECTION A: Demonstrate effective su	INDICATORS FOR HOTELS
A1 Sustainability management system The organization has implemented a long-term sustainability management system that is suitable to its size and scope addresses environmental, social, cultural, economic, quality, human rights, health, safety, risk and crisis management issues and drives continuous improvement.	A. The Sustainability Management System is clearly documented. The Sustainability Management System is clearly documented. The SM System cover environmental, social, cultural, economic, quality, human right, sheah and a darg visuas. The SM System includes consideration of risk and crisis management. Documentary endences hows implementation of the SM system. The SM System includes a process for monitoring continuous improvement is sustainability performance.
A2 Legal compliance The organization is in compliance with all applicable local, national and international legislations and regulations including, among others, health, safety, l <u>abour</u> , and environmental aspects.	An <u>uptraction</u> bit of all applicable legal requirements is maintained. Certificates or other documentary evidence show compliance with all applicable legal requirements.
A3 Reporting and communication The organization communicates its sustainability policy, actions and performance to stakeholders, including customers, and seeks to engage their support.	a. Regular reports are made available on sustainability performance. b. Sustainability policies and actions are reported in external and internal communications material. Communications contain messages inviting consumer and stakeholder support.
A4 Staff engagement Staff are engaged with development and Implementation of the sustainability management system and receive periodic guidance and training regarding their roles and responsibilities in its delivery.	Bidence is available of staff involvement with the SM System. Records of courses and on the job training with attendance levels, are main the galaxies materials are available in accossible format Including use of minority languages where needed. Staff hold certificates and qualifications in relevant disciplines/kills.
AS Customer experience Customer satisfaction, including aspects of sustainability, is monitored and corrective action taken.	a. A customer feedback system is in place, together with analysis of the results b. Negative feedback and response mode to this ar necorded, c. There is evidence of corrective actions taken.
A6 Accurate promotion Promotional materials and marketing communications are accurate and transparent with regard to the organization and its products and services, including sustainability claims. They do not promise more than is being delivered.	a. Images used in promotion are of actual experiences offered and facilities provided. b. Sottainability claims are based on records of past performance.

CO GSTC Global Sustainable Tourism Cou

GSTC MICE Criteria

A CULITY 11 SEMANDIONS 10 REPORTED

SECTION C: Maximize benefits to cultural heritage and minimize negative impacts

C1. Cultural interactions	4 UBRATION		
Venue	Event Organizer	Event/Exhibition	
The venue provides information about local culture to cilents and staff as needed. A communication mechanism is in place for local communities to report adverse impacts from visitors, and corrective action is taken where appropriate.	The event organizer consults with local communities and indigenous groups regarding visits to cultural sites. A communication mechanism is in place for local communities to report adverse impacts from visitors, and corrective action is taken where appropriate.	The event organizer consults with local communities and indigenous groups regarding visits to cultural sites. A communication mechanism is in place for local communities to report adverse impacts from visitors, and corrective action is taken where appropriate.	
 When the venue's clients plan visits to Indigenous communities or sites of cultural or historical significance to Indigenous groups, the venue provides relevant information from Indigenous groups to the clients. 	 The event organizer consults with Indigenous groups to determine appropriate behavior and recognition prior to any visits to Indigenous communities or sites of cultural or historical significance to Indigenous groups. 	 The event organizer consults with indigenous groups to determine appropriate behavior and recognition prior to any visits to indigenous communities or sites of cultural or historical significance to indigenous groups. 	
 When the venue's clients plan visits to culturally or historically sensitive sites, the venue provides relevant information about local regulations and guidance from impacted local communities. 	 The event organizer follows local regulations and guidance from impacted local communities regarding any visits to culturally or historically sensitive sites. 	 The event organizer follows local regulations and guidance from impacted local communities regarding any visits to culturally or historically sensitive sites. 	
	 The event organizer does not include visits to orphanages or residential care facilities as part of the event program. 	 The event organizer does not include visits to orphanages or residential care facilities as part of the event program. 	
 The venue provides staff that are not local with guidance about appropriate behavior in light of local customs, traditions, and etiquette. 	4. The event organizer provides staff that are not local to the event destination with guidance about appropriate behavior in light of local customs, traditions, and etiquette.	4. The event organizer provides staff that are not local to the event destination with guidance about appropriate behavior in light of local customs, traditions, and etiquette.	

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Sustainable tourism criteria for destinations

Sustainable Destination Management

- Management structure & framework
- Responsible organization & strategy
- Monitoring & reporting system
- Stakeholder engagement
- Visitor volume management
- Planning regulations
- Climate change adaptation
- Risk & crisis management

Socio-economic Sustainability

- Local economic benefits
- Tourism's economic contribution
- Decent work & career opportunities
- Supporting entrepreneurs & fair trade
- Community support
- Preventing exploitation & discrimination
- Property & user rights
- Safety & security
- Access for all

Cultural Sustainability

- Protecting cultural heritage
- Safeguarding cultural assets
- Artifact sale governance
- Supporting intangible heritage
- Traditional access rights
- Intellectual property protection
- Visitor management at cultural sites
- Accurate interpretation & education

Environmental Sustainability

- Conservation of natural environment
- Responsible wildlife interaction
- Animal welfare
- Energy & water management
- Wastewater & solid waste management
- Greenhouse gas reduction
- Low-impact transportation
- Light & noise pollution control





Sustainable tourism criteria for hotels

Effective Sustainable Management

- Sustainability management system
- Legal compliance
- Staff engagement
- Customer satisfaction
- Buildings & infrastructure
- Land, water & property rights
- Interpretation
- Reporting & communication
- Accurate promotion
- Destination-level engagement

Socio-economic Sustainability

- Community support & infrastructure
- Safeguarding local livelihoods
- Local employment
- Equal employment opportunities
- Preventing exploitation & harassment
- Decent work
- Local and sustainable purchasing
- Supporting local entrepreneurs
- Accessibility

Cultural Sustainability

- Responsible cultural interactions
- Preservation of cultural sites & traditions
- Authentic cultural representation
- Respecting intellectual property
- Ethical handling of artifacts

Environmental Sustainability

- Resource conservation
- Energy management
- Water management
- Pollution reduction
- GHE reduction
- Waste & wastewater management
- Biodiversity & ecosystem protection
- Preventing invasive species
- Responsible wildlife interaction
- Animal welfare



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Sustainability certification in tourism



Global Sustainable Tourism Council



Differences between certification programs

• Certification vs recognition



Certification vs recognition





Ministerstwo Sportu i Turystyki **polski sport** PTO Certificates for the Best Tourism Product 20th edition of the competition



Recognition

Certification





Differences between certification programs

- Certification vs recognition
- Type of audit (1st-, 2nd-, 3rd-party)

Audit type comparisons

	Definition	Objective	Auditor	Example	
First-party Audits	Also known as internal audit. Conducted by the business itself or by someone within the business who is independent of the activity being audited.	To assess the effectiveness and efficiency of the business's internal processes, systems, and controls. To identify areas for improvement, monitor progress, and ensure compliance with internal policies and standards.	Internal auditor or employee.	A company audits its own accounting records to ensure accuracy and transparency.	Hilton Lightstay
Second-party Audits	Also known as external audit. Conducted by a customer, supplier, or other interested party who has a contractual relationship with the business.	To verify that the business meets the requirements and expectations of the customer, supplier, or other interested party. To evaluate the quality and performance of the products or services provided by the business.	Customer, supplier, or other interested party.	A retailer audits its supplier's manufacturing facility to check the quality and safety of the products it purchases.	Green Key
					Green Key
Third-party Audits	Also known as independent audit. Conducted by an independent and impartial organization that has no contractual relationship with the business.	To certify that the business complies with external standards, regulations, or laws. To provide assurance and credibility to external stakeholders, such as shareholders, customers, suppliers, and regulators.	Independent and impartial organization, such as a certification body or a regulatory agency.	A certification body audits a company's environmental management system to verify that it meets the ISO 14001 standard.	BUREAU VERITAS



Differences between certification programs

- Certification vs recognition
- Type of audit (1st-, 2nd-, 3rd-party)
- National / internationally recognised (ISO/IEC 17065:2012_Conformity)
- Theme of certification (environmental / sustainability)
- Scope of certification (Organisation vs product/ service)
- For tourism / multisectoral
- Minimum standards (not best practices)





Why certification?

• **Reduces risks & ensures compliance** – Helps meet environmental regulations and avoid greenwashing.

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Greenwashing

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['grēn-,wo-shiŋ]

The act of providing the public or investors with misleading or outright false information about the environmental impact of a company's products and operations.

EU Regulations to keep in mind

- European Green Deal
- Sustainable & smart mobility strategy
- Single-Use Plastics Directive
- Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive
- Green Claims Directive (in the review process)
- Biodiversity strategy





Why certification?

- **Reduces risks & ensures compliance** Helps meet environmental regulations and avoid greenwashing.
- **Enhances market competitiveness** Attracts eco-conscious travelers, improves brand reputation, and differentiates businesses and destinations.
- **Boosts cost savings** Reduces energy, water, and waste management costs through efficient resource use.
- **Increases guest satisfaction** Provides authentic, responsible, and high-quality tourism experiences.
- Strengthens local economies Supports local employment, fair wages, and small businesses.
- **Protects nature and culture** Encourages conservation of biodiversity, landscapes, and cultural heritage
- Improves sustainability management Provides a clear step-by-step framework to track progress, set goals, and continuously improve.



Certification standards for destinations (selected)



Vireo Certifications of Sustainability



Different sectors, including tourism



Designed for tourism



Certification standards for businesses (selected)





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National / regional sustainable tourism development programs

Bukovel



Global Sustainable Tourism Council



National / Regional sustainable tourism programs



SUSTAINABLE DESTINATION LOCAL ENGAGEMENT IN A LONG PERSPECTIVE













Goals of national/ regional programs

Internal

- "Political decision" Achieving national goals related to sustainable development (role of the tourism industry)
- Compliance with new regulations (national, EU)
- Protecting the country's natural and cultural assets and meeting specific challenges (environmental/social/cultural)
- Educating and raising awareness of the tourism industry about sustainable development

External

- Improve image and increase tourist satisfaction
- Attract the right tourists (not quantity but quality)
- Promote entities that already implement sustainable practices
- Increase transparency of promotional activities (avoidance of greenwashing, "responsible marketing")



MEMBER

National / Regional sustainable tourism programs

Education and support	Monitoring	Certification	Communication and promotion
 Training Guidance Tools Financing 	 Set of indicators Specific goals Data collection Public reporting 	 Own certification programs (eg. Turkey, Norway) While label programs (eg. Slovenia) Promoting existing certifications "umbrella programs" (eg. Switzerland, Finland) 	 National/ Regional label (eg, Swisstainable, Sustainable Südtirol) Tourism offer based on recognised entities Promotion of recognised entities Public communication about national initiatives



Sustainable tourism program for Ukraine?

Clarity about the goals - some may be conflicting

- Compliance with the EU standards
- Attracting international audience
- Increasing competitiveness of businesses
- Protecting natural / cultural heritage and resources
- Enabling local communities and income generation





Bukovel's path towards sustainability

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Bbukovel



Bukovel's path towards sustainability



Assessment according to the certification criteria.

Commitment

Decision from the management to dedicate resources.

Roadmap

Plan of actions to be taken to achieve certification.

Taking action

Stakeholder engagement. Making changes in business operations.

Certification

External confirmation that the changes have been implemented.







Bukovel's path towards sustainability



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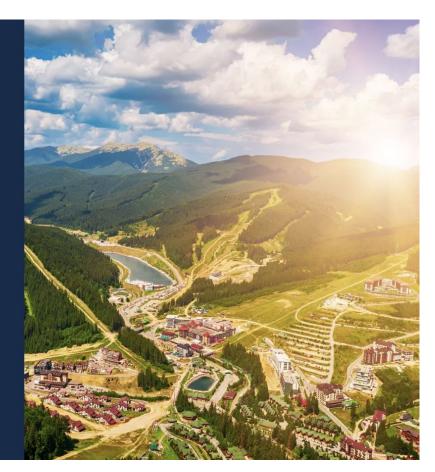
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Bukovel's commitment

From a ski resort to a year-round tourism destination, leading the way towards sustainable transformation of the whole Carpathian region.







Bukovel's path towards sustainability



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Taking action - what has been done so far

Sustainable Destination Management

- Dedicated team and resources
- Assessment of tourism impacts (in the process)
- Employee engagement and training
- Engagement of local businesses & certification
- Cooperation with external stakeholders

Socio-economic Sustainability

- Tourism monitoring
- Decision to support local communities

Cultural Sustainability

- Review of current destination assets
- Cooperation with dedicated organisations

Environmental Sustainability

- In-depth review of current situation
- Waste separation
- Air pollution







What's next?



Certification of businesses

Destination certification

Sustainable development center for the Carpathians





Thank you!

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